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# **amdgpu Graphics Stack Documentation**

***Release unknown-build***

**Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.**

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## Contents

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<b>1</b>	<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1	Preamble . . . . .	1
1.2	Overview . . . . .	1
1.3	Prerequisites . . . . .	3
1.4	Using the <code>amdgpu-install</code> Script . . . . .	4
1.5	Installing or Uninstalling AMDGPU . . . . .	6
1.6	Reporting Bugs . . . . .	8



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## Table of Contents

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### 1.1 Preamble

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### 1.2 Overview

<b>Table of Contents</b>
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Overview</i></li></ul> |
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This guide provides installation and uninstallation procedures for the AMDGPU graphics and compute stack.

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**Note:** The rest of this document will refer to Radeon™ Software for Linux® as AMDGPU.

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## 1.2.1 Stack Variants

There are two major stack variants available for installation:

- **Pro:** recommended for use with **Radeon Pro** graphics products.
- **All-Open:** recommended for use with consumer products.

Installing Option	Components
All-Open Stack	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Base kernel drivers</li><li>• Base accelerated graphics drivers</li><li>• Mesa OpenGL</li><li>• Mesa multimedia</li></ul>
Pro Stack	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Base kernel drivers</li><li>• Base accelerated graphics drivers</li><li>• Mesa multimedia</li><li>• Pro OpenGL</li><li>• <b>Pro OpenCL</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– PAL OpenCL stack (supports Vega 10 and later products)</li><li>– Legacy OpenCL stack (supports legacy products older than Vega 10)</li></ul></li><li>• Pro Vulkan</li></ul>

You can install a combination of stack components using the `amdgpu-install` script, as listed in the following:

- Base kernel and accelerated graphics drivers + Pro OpenGL + Pro Vulkan
- Base kernel and accelerated graphics drivers + Pro OpenGL + Pro Vulkan + Pro OpenCL
- Base kernel and accelerated graphics drivers + Pro OpenCL
- Base kernel drivers (**no** accelerated graphics drivers) + Pro OpenCL (headless mode)

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**Note:**

- When installing the All-Open stack using `amdgpu-install` script, every component from the All-Open stack will be installed. There is no supported way to install arbitrary combinations of these components when using `amdgpu-install` but you can use the system package manager to do so.
  - 32-bit libraries are automatically installed with Pro OpenGL component when installation is performed using `amdgpu-install` script.
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## 1.3 Prerequisites

### Table of Contents

- *Prerequisites*
  - *Downloading the Package Archive*
  - *Extracting the Package Archive*
  - *Configuring Access to the Distribution Repository (RHEL and SLE only)*

### 1.3.1 Downloading the Package Archive

The AMDGPU graphics stack is delivered as an archive of native packages. Prior to installation, you must first obtain the archive from your AMD Customer Engagement Representative or from the [AMD web site](#).

Download the AMDGPU-Pro tar archive (for example, to ~/Downloads), which contains the installation script.

### 1.3.2 Extracting the Package Archive

Extract the tar archive to a known location. In the following commands, replace YY.XX with the actual release number (e.g. 18.30) and NNNNNN six digit build number of the downloaded file:

```
$ cd ~/Downloads
$ tar -Jxvf amdgpu-pro-YY.XX-NNNNNN.tar.xz
$ cd ~/Downloads/amdgpu-pro-YY.XX-NNNNNN
```

### 1.3.3 Configuring Access to the Distribution Repository (RHEL and SLE only)

AMDGPU stack depends on packages provided by the Linux distribution vendors.

The AMDGPU-Pro driver requires access to specific RPMs from Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) or SUSE Linux Enterprise (SLE) installation media for the purpose of dependency resolution. You must ensure **one** of the following:

- Have a valid subscription and be connected to Internet during installation.
- Mount an installation media (for example, DVD, USB key or ISO file). Media mounting instructions for **Red Hat** systems are provided at <https://access.redhat.com/solutions/1355683>. For **SLE**, use YaST to add the installation media as a new repository, see the [SUSE documentation](#) for details.

**Note:** In previous releases (before 18.30), a script named `amdgpu-pro-preinstall.sh` was provided to carry out this step and to perform other pre-installation checks and configuration. Starting with 18.30, all external dependencies (excluding dependencies on packages provided by the Linux distribution vendor) have been eliminated and the checks have been integrated into `amdgpu-install`. Consequently, `amdgpu-pro-preinstall.sh` has been eliminated to streamline installation. However, access to distribution media or online package repositories is still required to satisfy base operating system dependencies. It is assumed most customers have a subscription with access to

online repositories or are using a Linux distribution which does not require a subscription and has online repositories enabled by default.

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## 1.4 Using the `amdgpu-install` Script

### Table of Contents

- *Using the `amdgpu-install` Script*
  - *Script Types*
  - *Purpose*
  - *Invoking the `amdgpu-install` Script*
  - *Scenarios*
    - \* *Specifying an OpenCL Implementation*
    - \* *Viewing Help or Usage Output*
    - \* *Installing Non-Interactively*
    - \* *Adding Advanced Package Management Functionality*

### 1.4.1 Script Types

The AMDGPU graphics stack offers the following scripts to help you install a coherent set of stack components:

- `amdgpu-install`
- `amdgpu-pro-install`

Each of these scripts support the same set of arguments that are explained in the following sections of this page.

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#### Note:

- Although examples on this page show `amdgpu-install` script being invoked, you can use same arguments with `amdgpu-pro-install` script.
  - Running the script `amdgpu-pro-install` is synonymous to running the script as `amdgpu-install --pro`.
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**Note:** Please note that Vulkan has been dropped for Ubuntu 16.04.

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## 1.4.2 Purpose

The `amdgpu-install` script does the following:

- Simplifies the installation of the AMDGPU graphics and compute stack by encapsulating the distribution specific package installation logic and by using command line options that allow to specify the:
  - Variant of the AMDGPU stack to be installed (All-Open or Pro)
  - Combination of components (in case of the Pro stack)
- Performs post-install checks to verify whether the installation was performed successfully.
- Installs the uninstallation script to allow you to remove the whole AMDGPU stack from the system by using a single command.

The script is packaged into the AMDGPU-Pro tar archive.

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## 1.4.3 Invoking the `amdgpu-install` Script

Once you have downloaded and extracted the AMDGPU-Pro tar archive, access the directory where you extracted it. Invoke the script as `./amdgpu-install`.

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**Note:** Use of the `-y` option is recommended to avoid prompts from the package manager.

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## 1.4.4 Scenarios

### Specifying an OpenCL Implementation

There are two OpenCL implementations available:

- **PAL:** Provides support for *Vega 10* and newer hardware.
- **Legacy:** Provides support for hardware older than *Vega 10*.

You can either install one or both implementations.

OpenCL is installed using the `--opencl` option, as follows:

Option	Description
<code>--opencl=pal</code>	Installs PAL OpenCL.
<code>--opencl=legacy</code>	Installs legacy OpenCL.
<code>--opencl=pal, legacy</code>	Installs both PAL and legacy OpenCL.

Applicable examples on this page demonstrate installation of both OpenCL implementations.

### Viewing Help or Usage Output

Executing the script with `-h` or `--help` argument provides the help or usage output.

```
$ ./amdgpu-install -h
```

## Installing Non-Interactively

Using the argument `-y` informs the package management system to assume the answer *yes* for any interactive question. This option allows the install script to embed itself inside other automated scripts.

Example:

```
$ ./amdgpu-install -y
```

## Adding Advanced Package Management Functionality

More advanced functionality can be obtained by providing the installation script with arguments to pass through to the package management software of the distribution you are using.

- On Ubuntu, refer to the [apt man page](#) for more information.
- On Red Hat, refer to the [yum man page](#) for more information.

# 1.5 Installing or Uninstalling AMDGPU

### Table of Contents

- *Installing or Uninstalling AMDGPU*
  - *Installing the All-Open Variant*
  - *Installing the Pro Variant*
    - \* *OpenGL (Default Component)*
    - \* *OpenCL (Optional Component)*
    - \* *Vulkan (Default Component)*
    - \* *PX Platform Support (Ubuntu only)*
  - *Uninstalling the AMDGPU Graphics Stack*

## 1.5.1 Installing the All-Open Variant

Run the following command to install the All-Open variant:

```
$ ./amdgpu-install -y
```

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**Note:** The `-y` option installs non-interactively. See *Using the amdgpu-install script* for more information.

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Reboot the target system after running `amdgpu-install`.

## 1.5.2 Installing the Pro Variant

Refer to the following table to understand how to install a combination of Pro components:

Command	Installed Components
\$ ./amdgpu-pro-install -y	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Base kernel</li> <li>• Accelerated graphics</li> <li>• Mesa multimedia</li> <li>• Pro OpenGL</li> <li>• Pro Vulkan</li> </ul>
\$ ./amdgpu-pro-install -y --opengl=pal,legacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Base kernel</li> <li>• Accelerated graphics</li> <li>• Mesa multimedia</li> <li>• Pro OpenGL</li> <li>• Pro Vulkan</li> <li>• Pro OpenCL</li> </ul>
\$ ./amdgpu-pro-install -y --opengl=pal,legacy --headless	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Only base kernel</li> <li>• Pro OpenCL (headless mode)</li> </ul>

Reboot the target system after running `amdgpu-pro-install`.

For more information, refer to the following sections to understand how to install individual components.

### OpenGL (Default Component)

OpenGL is a default component of the Pro variant.

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**Note:** Unless a headless installation is requested, OpenGL is installed.

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### OpenCL (Optional Component)

OpenCL is an optional component of the Pro variant and is installed only if it is specifically requested.

Two different implementations of OpenCL (legacy and PAL) are provided. Either of these implementations or both of them can be installed on the target system.

In some scenarios, it may be desirable to install **only** the OpenCL portion of the Pro variant (omitting the OpenGL portion), which can be accomplished by adding the `--headless` option. The typical use case is headless compute.

### Vulkan (Default Component)

Vulkan is a default component of the Pro variant.

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**Note:** Unless a headless installation is requested, Vulkan is installed.

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## PX Platform Support (Ubuntu only)

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**Note:** PX is deprecated in the latest version of the AMDGPU Graphics Stack. The All-Open variant with PRIME GPU offloading is recommend for all mobile variants with hybrid graphics, which allows GPU workloads to be offloaded to a discrete GPU on demand.

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For PX (*PowerExpress*) platform support, use the `--px` option as shown in the following command:

```
$ ./amdgpu--pro-install --px
```

## 1.5.3 Uninstalling the AMDGPU Graphics Stack

To remove all components of the stack, run the uninstall script from anywhere in the system.

1. Based on whether you installed the All-Open or Pro components, run one of the following commands:

```
# Use this for All-Open components
$ amdgpu-uninstall

# Use this for Pro components
$ amdgpu-pro-uninstall
```

2. After uninstalling the components, reboot the target system.

## 1.6 Reporting Bugs

Bugs should be reported through your AMD Customer Engagement Representative.

If you downloaded a release archive directly from the AMD web site and do not have an AMD Customer Engagement Representative, you may report bugs using the [freedesktop.org Bugzilla](https://freedesktop.org/Bugzilla). File bugs according to the following table:

Variant	Bugzilla Product	Bugzilla Component
All-Open	DRI	DRM/AMDgpu
Pro	DRI	DRM/AMDgpu-pro

### 1.6.1 Generating a Bug Report

In order to facilitate efficient investigation, it's important to include as much detail as possible with the bug report. Perform the following steps before you file a bug report:

1. Create a destination folder for the report.

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**Tip:** If you gather several reports, identify them with the date and if needed add a number at the end to differentiate between your reports, as shown in the following example.

---

```
$ LOGDIR=~/.LOGS/20170913-1
$ mkdir -p $LOGDIR
$ cd $LOGDIR
```

2. Gather basic configuration details.

```
$ sudo lshw -c cpu | grep product >> basic.conf
$ lspci -nn | grep "VGA\|Display" >> basic.conf
$ sudo dmidecode -t BIOS | grep Version >> basic.conf
$ lsb_release -sd >> basic.conf
$ uname -a >> basic.conf
$ dkms status | grep "amdgpu\|radeon" >> basic.conf
```

3. Create detailed log files by running the following commands:

```
$ dkms status > dkms.status.log
$ lsmod | grep amdgpu > lsmod.amdgpu.log
$ dmesg > dmesg.log
$ cp /var/log/Xorg.0.log .
$ type -p dpkg && dpkg -l > package.log
$ type -p rpm && rpm -qa > package.log
```

4. (Optional) To facilitate in-depth analysis, you can run the following commands:

```
$ lspci -vnn > lspci.vnn.log
$ lspci -nn > lspci.nn.log
$ sudo dmidecode > dmidecode.log
$ uname -a > uname.a.log
$ lsinitramfs /boot/initrd.img-`uname -r` > lsinitramfs.log
$ sudo lshw > lshw.log
$ modinfo amdgpu > modinfo.amdgpu.log
$ glxinfo > glxinfo.log
```

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## Capturing the Output of Your Commands to a File

1. Start a script session to capture your commands to a log file.

```
$ script /tmp/install-log.txt
```

2. Run all commands you want to capture in the script (for example, install All-Open base driver).

```
$ ./amdgpu-install -y
```

3. End the capture session.

```
$ exit
```